Morning Oregonian.

PORTLAND, OREGON - MONDAY MORNING MAY 5 1884 NO 7485

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining in the postoffice at Portland, Or., May 2 1884. Persons calling for any of these please state the dates on which they were advertised.

WOMEN'S LIST

Ainsley Mrs G T
Attenbrand, Mrs Mary A
Brown Mrs
Brown Miss Pm
Brown Miss Minnie
Brantano Miss Kate
Cox Mrs J
Burrill Mrs L B
Cox Miss Nicole
Cadell Miss Nellie
Chesley Bridget
Clarke Mrs Annie
Dreger Maria
Elder Mrs J C
Clark Mrs Mollie
Cantrell Mrs Maggie
Cochran Miss Minnie
Colpin Mrs May
Dick Mrs Julia M
Dunn Mrs Mattie
Dunn Mrs Mary
Elder Mrs Electa A
Elder Mrs Jane A
Gay Henry Mrs Inez
Gordon Mrs Martha
Gray Mrs Annie
Hall Mrs Mattie
Hyde Mrs Ada
Hall Mrs Ella
Hawk Mrs Nina
Jennings Mrs
Kyler Mrs Mary
Kelly Miss Ida
Lamereen Mrs L
Lach Miss Clara
Lindsey Miss Ida
Lewis Miss Ida
Love Miss E
Morrill Miss Clara
Miles Miss Ida
Nelson Mrs
Morse Mrs
Morris Mrs
Maguire Miss
Miller Mrs
McCann Mrs
Mooney Mrs
Owens Mrs C
Pratt Miss Sophia
Pettigrew Miss
Powell Miss Nellie
Robie Mrs Fanny
Reed Mrs Fanny
Rathbun Miss Ida
Reynolds Mrs
Reynolds Miss
Reynolds Miss
Smith Miss Ella
Smith Mrs Ida
Smith Miss Emma
Sanborn Mrs
Sanborn Miss
Stevens Miss Ida
Sweet Mrs Ella
Thompson Mrs
Taylor Mrs
Vosburgh Mrs
Wagner, Mrs Frank
Wilson, Mrs Ida

MEN'S LIST

Anderson M
Anna S
Abraham Frank
Alexander A D
Applebee Geo
Allen Harry
Brown Chas
Brown Harry
Beach Wm
Byrd Daniel
Brannan Geo
Brenham I A A
Brown F W
Birk Irvin
Bimler Chas
Brown C Wm
Bin Bank Dr
Bas
Baker Allen
Baker W J
Brent Frank
Bostick Edd
Bemis W M
Berrick Frank
Bore Harry
Bradley Jas
Bradley Jas
Bradley Jas

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1884.

SATURDAY'S LOCAL NEWS.

From The Sunday Oregonian.

Michael Sutherly of East Portland was committed to the state insane asylum yesterday.

Alex Miller and L. S. Wilkerson announce themselves as independent candidates for justice and constable of Albina respectively.

The Merchant hotel was yesterday thrown open to the public. In the evening a reception was held by the proprietors at which some three hundred guests enjoyed the hospitality of this house destined to great popularity.

Judge J. D. Caton and wife of Chicago are passengers by the steamer Ajax tonight. They have been spending several months in California, and will return home by the Northern. Judge Caton has several boyhood friends here, among them Mrs. Major Francis and Dr. O. P. S. Plummer.

C. P. Merrill, of Albina, was arrested the other day upon complaint of J. W. Talmage, charged with abusive language. In court the prosecuting witness brought forward eight other persons to substantiate his complaint, but this they failed to do, and Justice Hackett accordingly dismissed the case.

UNEXPLAINED CHARGE.

Joseph Richardson, recently a resident of Albina, was arrested at Salem a few days ago upon a charge of forgery. When brought before a justice of the peace Richardson demanded an examination, which developed that there was not a particle of evidence to sustain the complaint. Accordingly he was discharged and the costs of the court—$53.75—were assessed to the complainant, Frank Kinney.

GENERAL LAND AGENCY.

E. L. Shannon, formerly connected with THE OREGONIAN as traveling correspondent, has opened a general land agency at Victoria, B. C. Being well and favorably known throughout the northwest, and having especial facilities for handling extensive land properties, will render him a desirable man to the business interests of that city, to whom we can commend Mr. S. as reliable and possessed of good judgment in business matters.

ORCHESTRAL UNION CONCERT.

Following is the programme of the orchestral Union concert, to be given next Tuesday evening:

Overture—Marriage of Figaro.....Mozart
Selection—Ernani.....Verdi
Piano solo—Scherzo in C sharp minor, opus 39, chopin
Mrs. H. D. Bush
Symphony in C minor, first movement.....Beethoven
Night song—for strings.....G. Bach
Piano solo—(a) Lohengrin's Farewell to Elsa.....
.....(b) Wa-Jezaruchen.....Wagner-Liszt
Mrs. H. D. Bush
Waltz—"New Vienna".....Strauss

MAY TREATMENT CASE SET FOR TRIAL.

John Dillon, second mate of the ship T. F. Oakes, who was, on complaint of a sailor named O'Brien, incarcerated in the county jail in default of $1000 bail for alleged mal treatment while at sea, was arraigned before Judge Deady in the United States circuit court this morning, the information being filed. Dillon pleaded not guilty to the charge and the day of trial was set for Thursday, the 8th inst. Dillon is understood to be without money and it is not known who will defend him.

FOR OBTAINING MONEY UNDER FALSE PRETENSES.

F. L. Geiger was arraigned in Justice Greene's court yesterday on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses. The case was continued until 2 P. M. Monday, and the defendant was released upon $500 bonds. Geiger is a son of Dr. Geiger, the well known pioneer of Forest Grove. Last October he purchased from H. C. Dart one of this city's $500 upon the understanding that he was to invest it in match wood. Dart alleges that he never invested it, but the money for this purpose, but, on gaining, and lost it in this manner.

SCHOOL IN NATURAL HISTORY.

Prof. L. F. Henderson, of this city, proposes to establish at Hood river, Wasco county, a school for the study of natural history. It will open July 7 and close September 7. He will be assisted by Dr. Bolander, in charge of collection of material for the *Botany of Oregon and California*, and Prof. Johnson of the Seattle university. One or more lectures will be delivered every week in the subjects of botany, zoology, archæology and geology. This will be supplemented by continuous field work and by the use of the microscope. Names can be sent in until the month, to the many ladies, boys and young men of the neighborhood, for material for their cases.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT TO A HORSE.

Friday afternoon a horse attached to the delivery wagon of Kamm's bakery became very much frightened and ran away in the southeast part of town. He jumped with tremendous force into a show window on South First street, and a piece of glass was driven clean through the fault, midway between and a little below the eyes, the end lodging on the roof of the mouth. Another piece of glass was driven in the right nasal channel into the throat. The horse was taken to Magoon's stable and shared in glory with Dr. J. J. Smith, the veterinary surgeon, filed away part of the skull at the mouth of the wound and extracted the glass with forceps after much difficulty. Both wounds were sewed up and the animal bids fair for recovery.

TENDER FOR THE DREDGER.

Yesterday afternoon the council committee on dredger opened bids for a tug boat to act as tender to the city dredger. They were as follows:

Smith Bros & Watson	$6 000
O. Clark & Co	5,000
C. T. Mason & Co	4,750
Willamette Iron Works	4,500
F. Screamen	4,250
W. W. Baker	4,000
Union Iron Works	3,975
John Padget	3,950
J. Honeyman & Co	3,900

The bids will be reported to the council on Wednesday evening for action. The tug is to be two feet longer than the Baker T. Lincoln, the tender to the government dredges two feet more beam and to have somewhat larger engines. As the Lincoln cost something like $5000, the lowest bid above mentioned is considered very low.

DEATH OF MRS. GOVERNOR HOGG AT ASTORIA.

A dispatch from Colonel Hodge of New York city to Mr. Lloyd Brooke of Portland, states that Mrs. Ann Abernethy, widow of the late Governor Abernethy, the first Governor of Oregon territory, died at the former's residence on Friday. The deceased was married to Governor Abernethy in 1838, and came to this country via Cape Horn. Her maiden name was Pope, and she was a sister of Thomas Pope, an old time merchant of Oregon City. For a long time she and her husband resided on Gervais Point, on the Willamette river just below Oregon City, where he was engaged for years in the mercantile business. In 1865 they moved to the city where they lived at the time of the governor's death, a few years ago. Of their children, Mrs. Hall Jewett, now lives out in the Arcadian road, near the city, and another, Anna, is the wife of Colonel Hodges, at whose residence the old lady died.

RESIDENCE ROBBED OF JEWELRY.

The residence of W. J. Burns, manager for Ballou, Guthrie & Co., at the corner of Eighteenth and I streets, was entered by a burglar Friday night, or rather Saturday morning, and considerable jewelry belonging to the wife was taken. Mrs. Burns was awakened shortly before 5 o'clock in the morning by the gentle stroke of some one carefully and stealthily about the house. She jumped from her bed and ran to the head of the stairs just in time to see the form of a man descending the last step. He evidently knew he had been discovered, for he hastened out of the front door, which he had previously unlocked and left open purposely to make his escape in a hurry if necessary. It was not light enough for Mrs. Burns to distinguish whether the burglar was a white man or a Celestial. Upon examination she found he had carried away a gold brooch, several small pins, a pair of bracelets, a pair of ear rings and considerable other small jewelry that lay on her dressing case. He evidently got into the house through a window that had heedlessly been left unfastened.

NOTABLE DEAD.

AN OLD HOTEL CLERK.

NEW YORK, May 3.—[Special.]—Dennis T. Caddigan, the oldest of the New York hotel clerks, died at the Sturtevant house yesterday, of apoplexy. In the room after death was found a pocketbook full of I. O. U.'s and some odd hundreds that no one can make out. Among the I. O. U.'s, Leland said, "was one from a man to whom I lent $5000 in California in 1848. Old Cal had let the fellow $500 to go out there with, and my $5000 brought him home to New York."

THE BILL PASSED.

The bill was then read by sections for amendments.

Blair offered several amendments which were voted down.

Brunnn offered an amendment, applying the provisions of the bill, as far as practicable, to persons from whatever nation imported to this country, under any system of contract. Ruled out on a point of order.

On motion of Hamilton an additional section was agreed to, providing that nothing herein contained is to be construed to affect treaty stipulations, neither pending, civil or criminal, but is to be under the act of which this is amendatory.

Hiss moved to except the Irish as not to be construed to violate our treaty stipulations with China and other governments. Lost.

The committee then rose and the bill passed: yeas 187, nays 11.

The negative votes were cast by Arnoux (D. Ill.), Bowen (R. Pa.), Buchanan (D. N. J.), Forchetti, Henderson (D. Ill.), Hitt, Kean, Price, Utter, Valentine (R. Neb.) and Spooner. Adjourned.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Steamship State of Florida Wrecked in the Atlantic.

THE DISASTER ATTRIBUTED TO DYNAMITERS.

An Estimate of the Strength of the Republican Candidate for President—Towns Destroyed by Forest Fires.

Great Steamer Wrecked.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Anstin Baldwin & Co., agents of the State line of steamships, this morning received a dispatch from Glasgow, as follows: "The steamer Devon, New York for Bristol, picked up on steamer Devon, New York for Bristol, picked up on February 27th 190.2 life boats of the State of Florida without occupants. A leading vessel in mid-ocean reported the steamer City of Rome, April 23d, in lat. 46, lon. 42. She had on board, crowded even as a State room was given on board. The City of Rome arrived at Liverpool April 27th from New York.

London, May 4.—The captain of the Devon reports that he picked up the two boats of the State of Florida on Sunday, April 27th, in lat. 42, lon. 46. He says certain the occupants were taken off by a passing vessel.

New York, May 5.—When the steamer State of Florida had left this port a rumor was current that several of Jesse's agents were on board, with a quantity of dynamite, which were to be used in blowing up the steamer at Glasgow in case of the seizure of the vessel. This was confirmed by a cable from Liverpool. Jesse said he left on board the steamer no dynamite.

London, May 5.—The passengers on the steamer State of Florida were Mrs. E. Ward of Cleveland, Mrs. Wood, Miss Jessie, Mrs. Alexander Wood, Miss Jessie, Mrs. Alexander Wood, Miss Sutherland, Mrs. Walter Long and John G. Gradens, of Cincinnati, Mrs. Gradens, Miss Gradens, Prosper Gradens, Miss Gradens, Mrs. Amy Taylor, Mrs. T. Taylor, Miss Annie Taylor, Miss Ada Taylor and Miss Josephine Williamson, of Cincinnati, Miss Edith Williamson, of Tarrytown, N. Y.

Glasgow, May 5.—In the testimony in the State line case there was an assertion that the steamer Devon was in possession of dynamite on the voyage from Glasgow to Liverpool, and that the dynamite was stored in the after cabin. The statement was denied by the captain of the Devon.

The Suspended Oriental Bank.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Lockwood & Co., examining officials in charge of the Oriental bank, have been busily engaged in the examination of the books and securities of the bank. The indications, Colonel Lockwood says, are that the bank will open as usual on Monday morning. Mr. Lockwood is also to Rothschild's to-day, to see if the bank's bonds can be negotiated at that house. Both bankers are opposed to a dissolution of the bank. The bank was interested in eastern products.

Starting the Streams.

OMAHA, April 5.—[Special.]—Another batch of Nebraska editors, consisting of Oklahoma, consisting of twenty-two editors, left on a special train to-day, and will be deposited in the Oregon rivers and the Pacific ocean before they return. They will be accompanied by Governor Thayer, Adjutant-General Colby and Secretary of State Laws.

THE FIRE RECORD.

Great Damage Done by Forest Fires in Eastern States—Several Villages Destroyed.

VILLAGE DESTROYED.

PORT JARVIS, N. Y., May 3.—The entire village of Oilmanica Depot on the Port Jervis and Monticello railroad burned yesterday afternoon and last night. The residents were obliged to fly for their lives. The fire is still burning. Not over half a dozen houses are standing in a radius of five miles. Seven houses are burned. Two railroad bridges were burned.

BIG BLAZE AT DETROIT.

DETROIT, May 3.—At an early hour this morning fire broke out in a building occupied by a steam supply company, and burned with great fierceness, spreading to the adjoining buildings. It completely gutted that building, containing a battery of twenty boilers, and a large amount of pumps. The aggregate loss will be $100,000. Two railroad bridges were burned.

MISSING TOWNS.

TUSCOLA, N. Y., May 4.—A report comes from the coal mining town of Arthur, Steuben county, Pa., that almost a score of dwellings were destroyed by fire there on Saturday last. They were tenanted by miners and their families. Rumors are current here regarding the disaster, but the Americus cannot find a reporter. The Americus cannot find a reporter.

THE RIDGE MOUNTAINS BURNING.

BEDFORD, Pa., May 3.—The Blue mountains along the northern border of Bedford county, are on fire in several places, and the danger is very great. Many farmers have already suffered considerable loss. Farm houses are not threatened. Two large engines are at Bloody Run.

TOWN IN ASHES—LOSS $40,000.

WILLIAMS, Pa., May 3.—The town of Steubenville, Jefferson county, was visited by a fire yesterday which destroyed property valued at $40,000. Only a small portion of the property was insured.

THE STOCK MARKET.

A Day of Fluctuation in Wall Street—Closing Quotations.

NEW YORK, May 5.—Government quiet. Stocks opened dull, a shade lower and irregular. Lake Shore declined 1, Central Pacific 1, and Western Union ½. After the first call a weak feeling prevailed, but in Pacific Mail a rise of 1 per cent was recorded. Lake Shore recovered its loss, and the entire list became strong. Pacific Mail was the most conspicuous stock, and rose 2 per cent. Lake Shore, Western Union and Missouri Pacific were also prominent. Missouri Pacific was down to 68, but the market left it almost strong.

The general market was dull and heavy

The Daily Oregonian
MONDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1884.
PART OF THE NORTHWEST.

150 150.

Do you want THE BEST Quality

If so, ask any of the leading ers in the city for

150

AND FINE LINE

And you will buy better value ever before been offered the United States.

150. 150.

BY BUYING

PEORIA (Ill.) STONEWARE

TO PACK IT IN.

This is an entirely different article from ordinary Stoneware of commerce, and is the only Pottery in the United States.

Its Double-Glazed, of perfect finish, and salt before our molds will go through.

The assortment comprises:

BUTTER POTS, CHURNS, MILK PANS, BOSTON BEAN POTS, PUDDING DISHES, JUGS.

Ask your retail dealer or grocery for it, he will not furnish it, come to us.

Every piece stamped "PEORIA POTTERY."

TAKE NO OTHER.

HEGELE, CROWELL & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Crockery, Glassware, Chandeliers, Lamps, etc.,

52 and 54 Front st., corner Yamhill, Portland, Or.

M. BENO & CO.,

Wholesale & Retail Grocers,

N. W. corner First and Taylor sts., Portland, Or.

JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Fancy Groceries,

INCLUDING

WESTPHALIAN HAMS,
SMOKED GERSENBRATS,
SPICED OYSTERS,
BONED TURKEY,
MARIOTT'S FLAGEOLETS,
ANCHOVIES, SPICES, SAUCES,
ITALIAN MACARONI,
IMPORTED BRIERWOOD PIPES,
CHOICE BUTTER,
In 5cts and 10cts Rolls,
FRESH EVERY MORNING.

From the Finest Dairies in Oregon.

M. BENO & CO.,
P. O. Box 607. Portland, Or.

Larger Quarters.

Owing to the limited quarters we were obliged to occupy, and have secured the

No. 111 FIRST STREET,

Between Stark and Washington sts.

Where we will open about May 1st with a

CHOICEST LINE OF

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS

In the west, consisting of

Everything New and Desirable in Gentlemen's Wear.

We are Sole Agents for the celebrated

Wilson Bros.' Perfect Fitting Shirts.

JONES BROS. & CO.,
111 FIRST ST.

ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION.

No. 205 First St., between Ash and Pine.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND

5c Per Glass.

THE FINEST

JOS. SCHLITZ BREWING CO.'S

MILWAUKEE LAGER BEER

OF MILWAUKEE.

BELMONT & SHOUP, Agents.

Optical and Mathematical Instruments.

Only establishment of the kind in Oregon.

OPTICAL ALFRED PRACTICAL

Eyes of patients carefully tested to order.

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MONDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1884.

PART OF THE NORTHWEST.

Jackson County.

Last week brought increased rain season to the advantage of the crops. The rain has been the heaviest of the season in some places. So much rain in some places. So much rain in some places. So much rain

The Daily Oregonian.
MONDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1884.

CONVENTIONS AND CANDIDATES.

The showing to date on the roll of delegates to the republican national convention only discovers the fact that no candidate has a majority nor, in all probability, a number that approaches a majority. Partisans of the several candidates, especially those supposed to be the leading ones, do their best to make an exhibit of strength for their favorites. Bearing this in mind the reader will do well not to accept the statement that any candidate has a number that places the nomination almost within his reach. Individual judgment is one thing; collective judgment another. The canvasser for a candidate, seeing the delegates separately, may feel entirely sure that their votes will go for his man; but when the delegates assemble and act together, a different spirit begins to act upon their deliberations. Personal influences have less weight, individual feeling is modified, and the result is a collective judgment over which a sort of instinct of reason or wisdom prevails. This has been the case in former republican conventions. It gave Lincoln to the party and the country in 1860 and Garfield in 1880, settling in both cases a dispute as to candidates which had become almost acrimonious, and settling it in a way that produced entire satisfaction and led to complete success.

Blaine undoubtedly will have the lead in the convention—in case his name is presented—though Arthur will be very little behind him. Friends of Blaine are beginning to raise the objection to Arthur's following that it is mostly from the south, where no republican electoral votes are to be had, and there is something in this objection as an argument against Arthur's nomination, though it by no means establishes the whole case for Blaine's success. Still, the united vote of the sure republican states cannot be counted in convention for him, and second, his own roster of delegates is largely swelled by lists from states which can no more be counted republican than some whose delegates are placed in the Arthur column. Massachusetts, Vermont and Connecticut will furnish no votes for Blaine at any stage of the contest; Illinois is for Logan; half of Ohio is for Sherman, and votes for Arthur or Edmunds are reported from such solid republican states as New Hampshire, Minnesota, Nebraska, Michigan and Wisconsin. To show too that the objection to Arthur's vote, namely, that much of it is from the democratic states, will lie also, though in less degree, against the vote counted for Blaine, it is necessary only to note that in the table prepared by Blaine's managers votes are counted for him from Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Kentucky, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Texas, Virginia, West Virginia and New Jersey—states out of which no republican candidate can expect a single electoral vote.

We have intimated a doubt whether Blaine will actually be a candidate before the convention. It is apparent to all that he has been playing a deep game for the nomination; but, as he has steadily declared that he was not a candidate, he is in a position to forbid the use of his name in case he finally makes up his mind that the convention is against him. He has been defeated in two conventions, and does not want to take even a risk of a third defeat. If the convention appears to be his own he will take the nomination, but it is hardly probable that he will enter the convention to make a doubtful struggle for it.

On the democratic side the presidential question is extremely quiet. This is due to several causes. The republican convention is first in order of time by five weeks, and it therefore just now monopolizes attention. Again, the opinion is very general, even among democrats, that if the republican convention makes no mistake in the selection of candidates, the chances of success on the democratic side will be small. The thing, therefore, for the democrats to do now is to wait and see what the republicans will do. In the democratic market, consequently, there will be little animation till after the republican convention. Besides, that party does not see its way clear to any adjustment of its differences on the tariff question. It cannot agree in congress; will it precipitate the question upon its national convention? The tendency of its thought at the present time is to renominate "the old ticket," and try to set up this ghostly reminiscence as a substitute for a platform based on the issues raised by its own members during the present session of congress. Tilden, it is apparent, can have the nomination if he wants it, maugre his age and decrepitude. Tammany's hostility, the ciphor dispatches, and all the other reasons which caused him to be set aside by his party four years ago.

An effort is being made to obtain commutation of the sentence of Murray the murderer. A number of persons have asked, or are about to ask, the governor to save him from the gallows and send him to the penitentiary for life. In justice he ought to be hanged; and his miserable life is not worth prolongation. Death is of no use to himself and only a curse to the state and to his fellow men. Moreover, if he is sent to the penitentiary he will not stay there. Efforts will at once begin to get that penalty remitted. Even if the present governor should refuse, the next one would be told that Murray was a poor unfortunate man who didn't know what he was about when he committed the murder; that his health was positively forbidding his longer incarceration, and that if his life was to be prolonged he must be set free—just as if there ever was or ever could be any possible reason for prolonging his worthless, dissolute, vagabond and criminal existence. The person who supposes the executive will not yield doesn't take into account the habit and practice of Oregon governors. Again, there is no good sense in charging the state with the support of this vile wretch, even for a year. It has nothing for him to do and no room to keep him. Those who are interesting themselves so deeply in behalf of this vile criminal, and are so anxious to save him to the world, see innocence and virtue contending every day for existence and borne down in the struggle for honorable life, without being moved to the smallest touch of compassion. The modern fashion is sympathy for criminals and stony hearts for the needy virtuous and worthy, to succor whom would not only be justice and charity, but would give the world lives that would be to it a perpetual benefaction.

There is talk now of a "fusion" ticket in Multnomah, to be composed of democrats and republicans in equal numbers. It has a starter in dissatisfaction about the bonanza offices, but it is said will extend also to legislative nominations. A good many efforts of this kind have been made in Multnomah, but their history has not been an unbroken record of success. Not many persons are much interested in the feelings of those who are disappointed about the paying offices of the county; and those who take an interest in the success of the republican party are likely to inquire why they should join at this time in a movement which, if it succeeds, will give the democrats four or five members of the legislature from a republican county, may probably make the legislature democratic, and give that party the United States senator.

THE EVOLUTION OF THE COCOA NUT.

The May number of the *Popular Science Monthly* contains an article by Grant Allen, in which that charming writer undertakes to account for the milk in the cocoanut "that occult problem which has engaged the profoundest interest alike of ingenious infancy and of maturer scientific age." "The office of the cocoanut water," he says, "is the deposition of the nutty part around the side of the shell; it is, so to speak, the mother-fluid from which the harder, eatable portion is afterward derived. This state is not uncommon in embryo seeds. In a very young pea, for example, the inside is quite watery, and only the outer skin is at all solid. But the special peculiarity of the cocoanut consists in the fact that this liquid condition of the interior continues even after the nut is ripe, and that is the really curious point about the milk in the cocoanut which does actually need accounting for." The author goes on to show that to deem its fall from the high palm, or rather to prevent its fall from breaking it, the cocoanut has surrounded itself with a mass of yielding fibrous material; and, as a protection against its enemies, the monkeys and robber crabs, it has gradually assumed a remarkably hard shell. These changes have been wrought, it is almost needless to say, in accordance with the law variously known as "evolution," "natural selection," "the survival of the fittest." Those individuals that, by a sport of nature, were best fitted to their environment, or conditions of life, survived and transmitted to their descendants the chance peculiarity which had favored their preservation. The cocoanut, Mr. Allen tells us, "is descended from a great tribe—the palm and lilies, which have as their main distinguishing peculiarity the arrangement of parts in their flowers and fruits by threes each." Now everyone has observed on the top of a cocoanut three pores, one of which has a thin covering, while the other two are firmly sealed. Just below the thinly covered pore the embryo of the plant—a small round knob—can be detected imbedded in the meat of the nut, and through this soft opening the young plant forces itself in search of air and light. Early in the history of the cocoanut, before its shell had acquired its present defensive hardness, the other two pores were, doubtless, provided with embryos which have since disappeared. "The reason for this is that plants whose fruits have no special protection for their seeds are obliged to produce a great many of them at once, in order that one seed in a thousand may finally survive the onslaught of their enemies, but when they learn to protect themselves by hard coverings they can dispense with some of these superfluous seeds and put more nutriment into each one of those they still retain." Unfortunately the hard covering of the cocoanut not only protects it against its enemies, but it is a barrier to the outward supply of water, and without water germination cannot take place. Hence the need of an inward supply; the cocoanut, like the camel, must carry its own water. Those nuts that early in the process of evolution chanced to retain some of the mother liquid to the period of germination were enabled to supply their embryos with the water they required; the latter accordingly survived and transmitted to their descendants the chances peculiarity of the nuts from which they sprang.

Although Mr. Allen throughout his paper treats the cocoanut as a genuine nut, he does not fail to remark that this is not quite technically true, but that it is really "an drupaceous fruit." In his fascinating work, "The Evolutionists at Large," he dwells at length on the theory that "nuts and fruits are produced by the very slightest variation on the common type." Fruits, he declares, are really nuts which clothe themselves in an outer tunic of sweet and beautifully colored pulp as an inducement to the friendly bird to swallow their seeds; but the seed itself they protect by a hard stone of shell, and often by poisonous or bitter juices within. Someone individual, by a "sport," being peculiarly sweet and brightly colored, attracted the frugivorous, which aided in its dispersion and fructification, and thus gave it special advantages in the transmission and developments of its kind. On the other hand nuts are, to the evolutionist, essentially fruits which have developed a hard or bitter shell in order to avoid being eaten. A few among them happen to be protected from destruction by their originally accidental possession of a bitter husk, a hard shell, or a few awkward spines and bristles. These the monkeys and squirrels reject, and they alone survive as the parents of future generations.

In this brief presentation a serious weakness in the evolution theory seems to us apparent. It has given the world many valuable suggestions; it has systematized and strengthened previously existing ideas concerning heredity and variation. But it has yet offered no satisfactory explanation why fruits and nuts, for instance, originating by the hypothesis in a common stock, and converging in the same environment should develop in one case an increasing capacity to attract animals in search of food and in the other case, an increasing capacity to repel them. It is not obvious that fruits and nuts are different and remain true to their types under all conditions, because they were designed for different purposes. Nature can not be correctly interpreted from its material side alone; it becomes intelligible only when it is looked upon as an expression of thought. Prof. Allen explains in his "Evolutionist at Large" that most collectors of natural history specimens try to get the most typical individuals, and reject those which are doubtful or intermediate; whereas the true plan is to collect all the aberrant individuals, which most diverge from the specific type, and thus to make the series as continuous as possible.

But if we would get a just conception of genera and species we must look for it in centers rather than in borders. The Greek sophist Eubulides, boasted that he could prove the impossibility of becoming baldheaded. "Is a man bald," he asked, "if his head is covered with hair?" Receiving a negative reply, he continued, "Would the loss of one hair make him bald? of another? and another? and another? Clearly, then, it matters not how many hairs he loses he can never become bald." The common sense of mankind at once rejected this reasoning; but it is in reasoning like unto it that the evolutionists confide when they declare that species are not to be distinguished from varieties because in a few instances—conspicuously in the case of mollusca—the varieties fill up the gaps between species by almost insensible gradations. We may acknowledge that the "man-apes" approach in cerebral development the lowest type of man; we may admit the difficulty of deciding whether specimens are vegetable or animal. But we shall always clearly distinguish between brute and man, vege able and animal life, fruits and nuts, for our minds are framed to recognize not merely material forms but the designs which they embody, the eternal ideas which underly them and which remain distinct to us notwithstanding all material aberrations from them.

The idea is just now beginning to work its way down into certain drowsy minds that nominations for office in this county are made by a ring. These good people have been voting ring tickets for at least fifteen years; and most of them have denounced THE OREGONIAN violently during nearly all that time for telling them so. The present republican ticket in this county is just as good a one, and was nominated by just as proper methods, as any ticket which has been presented in this county since the "setting up" process began, as far back as 1866. THE OREGONIAN has often tried to beat these tickets, but the brethren upon whose minds a light is now beginning to dawn stood right in and saved the ring every time. We shall exercise a little caution now—the more so as the "kicks" proceeds mainly from those who have been disappointed because they were not this time on the ring slate for the paying offices.

By the provisions of the Thurman bill the Union and Central Pacific railroads are required to pay 25 per cent. of their net earnings into a sinking fund objective the interest and principal of the government bonds issued to assist in their construction. The house committee on Pacific railroads has now reported a bill to increase this bill to not 25 to 75 per cent., and to require it on the net earnings of all the lines worked by the company, and not of those subsidized only. The would increase the annual payments of the Union Pacific from $1,026,558 to $3,065,400, and the payments of the Central Pacific from $702,920 to $3,632,350.

Senator Sabin, chairman of the republican national committee, in a recent interview, said: "There are no practically many free articles in the present tariff; nobody understands that more clearly than intelligent republicans, of whom the great northwest has its full share." But of all the intelligent republicans in the northwest," Mr. Anderson of Kansas and the three republican members from Minnesota were the only ones who voted to even take up and consider the question.

They say Jeffrey will easily beat Jordan." Perhaps he may not; though Jeffrey is a man whose wealth places him "among the better class," while Tom Jordan is "only a poor mechanic." It might be a mistake to expect Jordan's defeat on this basis, though coupled with the fact that every ex-sheriff of the county is against him. The ex-sheriffs, who have had this good thing, appreciate it so well that they don't want to pass it round.

The New York *Herald* pronounces Secretary Robert Lincoln "the best dark horse for the presidential nomination on the republican ticket that this country is exhibiting." When a man is the unanimous choice of his party for second place, as of the second choice of each of the factions for first place, he can hardly be considered a dark horse.

Two causes a one, physical debility and non-ownership of property, unable 100,000 of the 182,531 registered voters of New York city to escape the jury box. Exemptions for other causes leave only 15,000 citizens of the metropolis liable to jury service.

If you don't want to be taken by surprise when the republican convention makes its nomination, just keep an eye out for the man who will come in on a sentimental whoop after the candidates now talked of have tired each other up.

The high license law of Illinois will put $1,500,000 a year in the treasury of Cook county, the county in which Chicago is situated. Already it has caused an over 600 small "dodgeries" in the city.

We wrote yesterday for the head of an article, "Our Infallible Bellefe." It went into the paper, "Our Infallible Bishops." It isn't much satisfaction to say that there have been worse mistakes.

The Philadelphia *Times* says: "When people begin seriously to assert in this whether it will be possible for Blaine to get the two hundred and fifty-six votes in November, then the noise will subside."

MEETING NOTICES.

Willamette Lodge No. 2, A. F. & A. M.
Regular meeting this (Monday) evening at 7:30 o'clock.
By order of W. M.
J. SNAP WILSON, Sec.

Oregon State Homœopathic Medical Society.
The annual meeting of this society will be held in Portland, beginning on Tuesday, May 6, and ending Thursday, May 8. Reduced fare on the railroads.
A. E. HEDGES, Sec.

DIED.

In East Portland, May 3, 1884, at the M. E. parsonage, Mrs. Christopher Gates, aged 71 years, 11 months and 16 days; only child of H. B. Morrison.
Funeral Monday, May 5, at 10 A. M., from the residence of her son-in-law, Smith Spencer, East Portland; services at the grave private.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for May, at Ware' Hale, Store, 92 Yamhill street.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL RESTAURANT, C. G. CHRISTIAN, Prop.

SHINDLER & CO., FURNITURE, Carpets, Wall Paper, 166 First street.

NEW TO-DAY.

THREE PLEASANT UNFURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping, 72 Seventh, S. W. cor. Salmon.

FOR SALE—A GREAT BARGAIN! LODGING house, on account of departure of family. Inquire 103 Second, at once.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT chamber and alcove; suitable for gentleman with use of bath; no other roomers. No. 81 N. W. Park, cor Davis.

WANTED—BY TWO GOOD-LOOKING, ELIGible young men, or gentlemen and wife, board and lodging in private family; would prefer a private family where there are not both roomers, and the conditions of a home would be realized. Address, stating price and location, "P. O. box 1," care Oregonian office.

McCOY, JOB PRINTER, Cheapest and Best-100 First, Portland

Don't You Forget Hicks the Printer 124 work and prices excelled by none. Legal Blanks, 3 Washington st.

Port and Box Factory.

G. W. BATES, SUCCESSOR TO JOHN HARLOW & Co., Office and factory, Foot of Market st., Portland.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at THE OFFICE of the City of Portland, Oregon, until 8 o'clock P. M. of the 19th day of May, 1884, for the following amounts of bonds, to-wit: Fifty thousand dollars of the bonds of said city, known as the Water Bonds, issued under the provisions of an act of the legislative assembly of the state of Oregon, entitled "An act to incorporate the city of Portland," approved October 24, 1870, and the several acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, and Fifty thousand dollars of the bonds of said city, known as the Bridge Bonds, issued under the provisions of an act of the legislative assembly of the state of Oregon, entitled "An act to incorporate the city of Portland," approved October 24, 1870, and the several acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto. Said bonds to be dated June 1st, 1884, and to be payable twenty years after date, and to bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum. H. O. PERRY, City Clerk. District No. 21.

FINE SECOND-HAND UPRIGHT PIANO FOR sale cheap; must make room for new stock. GARDNER BROS., 125 First st., Portland.

ENGLISH WATCHMAKER wants a situation; can repair fine watches. Address, 209 Second, Vandruff and First. Watches that others have failed to make go correctly a specialty.

WANTED—BY JUNIUS & STORK, ST. CHILE for retail dry a sale, centrally located. Address W. C., care this office.

NEW FANCY GOODS RENT AT KOHLER & CHASE'S, 94 Third street.

Sterling Business College
Afternoon and Evening at the
PORTLAND BUSINESS COLLEGE
Cor. Second and Yamhill Sts.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN SATINES AND LAWNS.
NEWEST PATTERN AND LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.
OLDS & KING.
180 First St.

Established 1782.
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO. OF LONDON.
Unlimited Liability of Each Individual Shareholder,
(Comprising many of the leading mercantile men in London.)
Offering protection of the most undoubted kind against Fire.
OFFICE REMOVED TO NO. 7 STARK ST., North Side.
Jonathan Nelson GEO. L. STORY, Agent.

The best regulator of digestive organs, and the best appetizer known is Angostura Bitters. Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons' genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

NEW TO-DAY.

NEW TO-DAY.
BUY THE BEST.
W. B. WILSHIRE & CO.'S
BUFFALO SCALES

A full assortment always in stock.
W. B. WILSHIRE & CO.,
95 Front Street, Portland, Or.

SCHOOL OF NATURAL HISTORY
At Hood River, Wasco Co., Or.
Two miles from Jct. R. & O. to September 20.
DIRECTORS: Dr. H. S. Belcher, of Middle and Prof. F. H. Carson.
Send for circulars to
L. F. HENDERSON,
Sec. Scientific Dept., Portland.
Mention this paper.

PROPOSALS FOR FORAGE and STRAW.
Blank proposals for furnishing forage and straw for the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., and other stations in the Department of California, will be furnished on application to the undersigned. May 1, 1884.
LIEUT. J. P. WISEWELL, A. C. S.

SEALED PROPOSALS, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received at this office and at the offices of the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence at the following-named posts, until 12 o'clock M. on Monday, June 16, 1884, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering at the several posts during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, the following amounts of grain, viz.: Fort Boise, Idaho, 20,000 lbs. Barley and 20,000 lbs. Oats; Camp Harney, Or., 50,000 lbs. Barley and 50,000 lbs. Oats; Fort Klamath, Or., 25,000 lbs. Barley and 25,000 lbs. Oats; Fort Lapwai, Idaho, 25,000 lbs. Barley and 25,000 lbs. Oats; Fort Walla Walla, W. T., 50,000 lbs. Barley and 50,000 lbs. Oats.

Delivery of the above must be made in equal monthly proportions during the fiscal year, and no bid will be considered for less than the whole quantity required at any one post. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Blank proposals will be furnished on application to this office, and to the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence at the posts, to which it is proposed to make the deliveries.

Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Forage and Straw," and addressed to the undersigned or to the Quartermasters of the posts to be supplied.

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. H. PAGE, Capt. and C. S. U. S. A.
Chief Commissary.

PROPOSALS FOR FLOUR.
Office of Quartermaster and Depot Commissary, Vancouver Barracks, W. T., April 21, 1884.
SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, WILL be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Thursday, May 15, 1884, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering at the several posts named, until December 31, 1884, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering at the following-named posts, on the dates specified, the following amounts of flour, viz.: Fort Boise, Idaho, 1,000 bbls.; Camp Harney, Or., 2,000 bbls.; Fort Klamath, Or., 1,000 bbls.; Fort Lapwai, Idaho, 1,000 bbls.; Fort Walla Walla, W. T., 3,000 bbls.

Delivery of the flour not less than two months previous to the date of issue to be authorized will be made in equal monthly proportions during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885. The flour to be delivered at each post must be sufficient to last the troops at that post for the period required, and will be issued in the order in which it is received. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Blank proposals will be furnished on application to this office, and to the Acting Commissaries of Subsistence at the posts to be supplied.

Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for Flour," and addressed to the undersigned or to the Quartermasters of the posts to be supplied.

The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

R. H. PAGE, Capt. and C. S. U. S. A.
Chief Commissary.

"OUR BABY"
Thrives on Horlick's Food," with hundreds of grateful mothers. Mothers' milk contains no starch. An artificial food for infants should contain no starch. The best and most nutritious food is Horlick's
MALTED MILK
Already Digested, free from starch and requires no cooking. Requires only the addition of water. Highly beneficial to Nursing Mothers, Invalids and Dyspeptics. Ask your druggist for it. Take no other. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists. Prepared only by the Proprietors, The Horlick Food Co., Racine, Wis. Will be sent by mail on receipt of price by Horlick's Food Co., Racine, Wis., or Portland, Or. Sample of HORLICK'S MALTED MILK FREE.
HODGE, DAVIS & CO., Portland, Or.

FROM
PORTLAND TO CHICAGO
AND THE EAST:
Thursday, May 15th.
FOR EXCURSION TICKETS
And particulars address
JOHN A CHILDS or ROBT. NEWSOME,
Portland, Or.

PLATO'S AGENCY,
First and Washington, Dekum's Block.
BUSINESS CHANCES FOR SMALL CAPITAL. PLATO'S AGENCY.
BARBER SHOP ON FIRST ST. FOR SALE CHEAP. PLATO'S AGENCY.

AMUSEMENTS.

TIVOLI THEATER.
Cor. Madison and First sts.
WALTER KEYES ..... Proprietor
TO-NIGHT. TO-MORROW.
THE MASCOT!
ADMISSION 25c; Reserved Seats 50c.

NEW FAMILY RESORT.
THE ELITE, 180 FIRST ST.,
Where comfortable quarters has been transformed into a first-class
FAMILY THEATER,
Where the most chaste and brilliant performances will be given every evening, commencing
MONDAY, MAY 5th.
Admission to all parts of the house, 25c.

NEW MARKET THEATER.
CHAS. W. CORNELIUS ..... Lessee and Manager
For a short season only, every evening and Saturday Matinee, commencing
MONDAY, MAY 5.
THE CELEBRATED ACTRESS,
MISS LOUISE POMEROY,
Supported by the Baldwin Theater Company in the most powerful drama of the age, with its wealth of scenery and stage effects,
CLAIRE AND THE FORGE MASTER.
By Mrs. Edie Henderson, author of "Almost a Life."
CLAIRE de MONTBRISSON ..... MISS LOUISE POMEROY
PHILIPPE DUBLAY ..... MR. ARTHUR ELLIOT
Act I.—The Betrothal. Act II.—The Wedding.
Act III.—The Midnight. Act IV.—The Challenge.
Act V.—The Duel.
Prices as usual. Box sheet now open at Cox's drug store.

ZAN BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of
BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE, AND IMPORTERS OF WILLOW WARE
Nos. 12 and 14 North Front St.
A Positive Cure for nervous exhaustion Celery, Beef and Iron.

WANTS.

WANTED—SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE; MODerate rent; W., P. O. box 1, East Portland. 2nd
WANTED—A GOOD SECOND-HAND SAFE. Address, stating price, size and condition, "Safe," this office. 2nd
WANTED—SOLID SUIT OF SACK ROOMS, 3 pleasant and unfurnished. Address "Rooms," this office. 2nd
WANTED—FOR CASH SKINS IN ANY AMOUNT from 50 to 500 pounds; also the wool on sheep pelts; also tallow and beeswax. Address, stating terms, A. M., care Oregonian. 2nd
WANTED—TO TRADE A SAFE AT PRICE I have for one suitable for Portland to Free Port River for port; must be cheap. Address "Trade," this office. 2nd
WANTED—A STRONG COUPLED SPRING seat cart, same style as Eldred's. Address "Cart," this office. 2nd
WANTED—TO RENT A LIVERY STABLE IN Portland; will buy or lease. Address "Livery," this office. 2nd
WANTED—OWING TO THE INCREASE OF my business I want to secure a few more boarders; will be found at my place, Address "Boarders," this office. 2nd
WANTED—A GOOD HOME; I AM INTERESTED in two children, boy and girl, 4 and 6 years old. Address "Home," this office. 2nd
WANTED—OWING TO THE INCREASE OF my business I want to secure a few more boarders; will be found at my place, Address "Boarders," this office. 2nd
WANTED—A GOOD HOME; I AM INTERESTED in two children, boy and girl, 4 and 6 years old. Address "Home," this office. 2nd
WANTED—TO BUY A SECOND-HAND SAFE; must be cheap for cash. Address, stating price, size and condition, "Safe," this office. 2nd
WANTED—TO BUY A SECOND-HAND SAFE; must be cheap for cash. Address, stating price, size and condition, "Safe," this office. 2nd
WANTED—TO BUY A SECOND-HAND SAFE; must be cheap for cash. Address, stating price, size and condition, "Safe," this office. 2nd
WANTED—TO BUY A SECOND-HAND SAFE; must be cheap for cash. Address, stating price, size and condition, "Safe," this office. 2nd

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

A YOUNG MAN WITH GOOD REFERENCES and experience in general business desires employment of any kind. Address, A. F. E., this office. 2nd
GOOD SITUATION OFFERED TO ENERGETIC man with small capital. Address, with stamp, "Opportunity," this office. 2nd
WANTED—A SITUATION AS FISHERMAN; can furnish boat and gear. Address, A. C. Astoria, Or. 2nd
WANTED—SITUATION AS COOK IN LOGGING camp or boarding-house. Address, stating wages, "Cook," this office. 2nd
WANTED—SITUATION AS SALESMAN IN A retail store; can furnish best of references. Address "Salesman," this office. 2nd
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WANTED—SITUATION AS SALESMAN IN A retail store; can furnish best of references. Address "Salesman," this office. 2nd

HELP WANTED.

GOOD WAITER WANTED AT THE ARLINGTON restaurant, 84 Second st. 2nd
WANTED—GOOD PLACES; CALL AT 25 cents and $25 PLACES. Portland Employment Agency, 25 Second st. 2nd
WANTED—3 GIRLS TO HOUSEWORK; GOOD wages. Apply to Mrs. Dr. Lamb, 2nd and Jefferson sts. 2nd
WANTED—MALE OR FEMALE R R Ticket Agent, Operator and Telegraph Clerk. Apply to W. ELSON, New Westminster, B. C. 2nd
A GOOD POSITION OPEN TO A STEADY MAN; a disagreeable calling. Inquire at 25 Second st., Portland. 2nd

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED TO TRAVEL—WAGES from $3 to $5 per day; no experience required; steady employment. Address, with stamp, D. TEXAS, Box 2, Portland, Or. 2nd
FOR SALE, WITH OR WITHOUT STOCK, THE best paying business in Portland; will bear investigation. Address "Business," this office. 2nd
AGENTS WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MAN and woman wanted to canvass for regular business; good salary paid; full outfit and address given free. Call on or address, with stamp, A. L. BANCROFT & CO., San Francisco, Cal. 2nd
A FEW GOOD AGENTS TO SELL A NEW, selling article; will pay liberal salary. Call at 25 Second st., Portland. 2nd
WANTED IMMEDIATELY—WIDE AWAKE man and woman to canvass for an established business; good pay; full outfit and address given free. Call on or address, with stamp, A. L. BANCROFT & CO., San Francisco, Cal. 2nd
A FEW GOOD AGENTS TO SELL A NEW, selling article; will pay liberal salary. Call at 25 Second st., Portland. 2nd
AGENT WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SEWing machine agent wanted for each place where the Singer Manufacturing Co. is not represented. Address, Singer Manufacturing Co., 23 Morrison st. 2nd

TO LET—ROOMS.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, AT 75 First st., cor. Taylor. 2nd
A NICE FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT. 25 Fourth st. 2nd
FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT PARLOR, unfurnished bedroom adjoining. 87 Fourth, cor. Ellsworth. 2nd
FOR RENT—NO. 6 FIFTH ST., A NEWLY furnished front room; reasonable; inquire of Dr. Lamb, 2nd and Jefferson sts. 2nd
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, SUITABLE for gentlemen, in the Simmons brick building, Second st., near Taylor. 2nd
FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM. Call at 83 Fourth, corner Ellsworth. 2nd
FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, WITH BOARD, keeping rooms, if desired, at The Shaw, Third and Fourth. 2nd
HANDSOME UNFURNISHED ROOM FOR rent, with use of kitchen; children allowed; rent required in advance. 87 Fourth st. 2nd
FURNISHED ROOM TO LET TO ONE OR TWO gentlemen; bath; terms reasonable. 75 Front, corner Pine. 2nd
VERY DESIRABLE FURNISHED ROOMS, en suite or single, with board, in private family; no other boarders; terms reasonable. 183 Sixth street. 2nd
40 DESIRE REFURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, in private family; opposite A. North Pacific Mills. 2nd
NICELY FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS, WITH use of kitchen, to rent cheap. 87 North Second and Main. 2nd
TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT, with conveniences. Apply at 87 Fourth st. 2nd
FOR RENT—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED front room, with all modern conveniences, in private family of D. C. suitable for gentleman or married couple; no children; terms reasonable. 2nd
FURNISHED ALCOVE AND BAY WINDOW room to rent for single or light housekeeping. Room is on first floor. Inquire at 87 Fourth st. 2nd
FOR RENT—OFFICE ROOM IN WASHINGTON building. Inquire of Fred Beck & Co., 75 Washington st. 2nd
FURNISHED ROOMS—UNFURNISHED ROOMS. Apply N. E. cor. First and Morrison sts. 2nd
TO RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, SUITE for gentlemen, 185 Second st., between Salmon and Main. 2nd
BALDWIN DINING HALL, ROOMS FOR rent in connection; meals at 25c; second street, between Salmon and Main. 2nd
PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT, for gentlemen, at 185 Second st., between Salmon and Main. 2nd
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED ROOMS for rent, cheap. Apply at 75 Second st. 2nd
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH board, if desired; reasonable; 75 Second st., corner Columbia street, opposite Skidmore fountain. 2nd
TO LET—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH board, if desired; 75 Second street, near Madison. Apply at 220 Yamhill st. 2nd

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES.

HOUSES FOR RENT—$8 AND $9 EACH. 185 Second st. Inquire at
HOUSE FOR RENT AND ALL OR PART OF furniture for sale; rooms, with all modern conveniences. No. 26 Stark st. 2nd
HOUSE FOR RENT—NO. 10 FIRST ST., NEAR Morrison; rent, $15. Inquire on the premises. 2nd
FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY BUILDING, 50x100 feet, on Ninth and Couch sts.; suitable for warehouse or manufacturing purposes. Inquire of 2nd
NEW HOUSES TO RENT NO. 7 NINTH st., between Main and Clay; rent reasonable. Inquire of J. DAYTON, 2nd floor. 2nd
FOR RENT—A HOUSE OF 7 ROOMS, IN GOOD repair. Inquire at 75 Second st. 2nd
HOUSE FOR RENT—8 ROOMS, ALL MODERN improvements; desirable location; in fine street car and part of town. Inquire of 2nd
TO LET—HOUSE OF 8 ROOMS; CORNER OF Salmon and Ninth sts. Inquire of S. HUCHEL, Eleventh st., between Salmon and Main. 2nd
TO RENT OR TO LEASE—A NEW DWELLING house with modern improvements; first-class location; rent reasonable. Inquire of J. C. ELLIOTT, Twentieth and Everett. 2nd

ROOMS AND BOARD.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD by the week. 87 Fourth street, corner Oak.
FURNISHED ROOMS WITH BOARD, 75 Second, 3d Fourth and Ellsworth. 2nd

DENTISTS.

C. C. SEWASTER, D.D.S., 166 FIRST STREET, Portland, Or. Office hours, 9 to 12 and 1 to 4.
DEKUM BROS., DENTISTS, ROOM 24, UNION block. Nitrous Oxide Air administered. Teeth inserted on rubber, gold and celluloid plates.
J. P. TURRENCE, FATE BUILDING, N. E. cor. Second and Washington streets. Under-setting a specialty.

LOST.

LOST—ON CHARGE PAPERS IN ONE OF the Ladies' Rooms, Fisher & Co.'s, on Friday morning. Finder will confer a favor by leaving same at Fisher & Co.'s saloon, and be liberally rewarded. C. G. CHRISTIAN.

F. H. PAGE,
Commission Merchant,
Fruit, Feed, Produce & Provisions.
STORAGE.
130 Front St., cor. of Ankeny, Portland, Or.
Warehouse, Central Park.

Columbia River Salmon & Smelt,
Puget Sound Fish and Oysters,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Country orders solicited and promptly filled.
E. RICHARD,
74 Washington st., cor. Fourth.

ZAN BROTHERS,
Manufacturers of
BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE, AND IMPORTERS OF WILLOW WARE
Nos. 12 and 14 North Front St.

H. W. & T. H. GOLDSMITH,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
Special Attention given to City Work.
Office—Room 2, Ainsworth Block, Third and Oak sts.

Dr. W. P. Smith, Diseases of Women and Children.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A SADDLE HORSE 8 YRS. OLD; a perfect beauty in the ring, kind and gentle; will be sold cheap as he must go home at the Bishop's request. Call on or address Rev. Edmund Ellis, Vancouver, W. T. 2nd
FOR SALE—SOLDIERS' CANVAS BOAT; CAMP furniture, portable, etc. Address, with stamp, Lieut. J. T. ——, Portland, Or. 2nd
HANDSOME PONY FOR SALE CHEAP; OWNER has no use for him. Apply at 87 Fourth st. 2nd
$500 HOUSE TO RENT AND FURNITURE for sale; 7 rooms complete for housekeeping; 2 rooms unfurnished, paying house rent. 87 Fourth st. 2nd
FOR SALE—A BRAND NEW HORIZONTAL engine and boiler; 10-inch cylinder, 16-inch stroke; 25-horse power. This engine is a bargain. Inquire of London Shaft, etc. 2nd
FOR SALE—A NICE, GENTLE, SADDLE MARE. Inquire at 87 Fourth st. 2nd
SAW MILL FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS SAW mill in good running order; has a capacity of 30,000 feet per day; for sale on reasonable terms. Inquire of ALLEN BROS., Portland, Or. 2nd
FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS SAW MILL, with planing machine complete; for particulars address P. O. box 1, East Portland. 2nd
FOR SALE—A BRAND NEW HORIZONTAL engine and boiler; 10-inch cylinder, 16-inch stroke; 25-horse power. This engine is a bargain. Inquire of London Shaft, etc. 2nd
FOR SALE—A NICE, GENTLE, SADDLE MARE. Inquire at 87 Fourth st. 2nd
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN, A HEAVY WOOD team, wagon and harness. Apply at EVERETT & FARRELL'S, Albina and Front sts. 2nd

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE ON EXTENSIVE STOCK RANCH, 6 miles of the municipality of Albany, Or., 1,000 acres of land, 300 acres in cultivation. Address, with stamp, H. E. K., Albany, Or. 2nd
FOR SALE—CITY LANDS IN ALBANY, OR. Inquire of Albany Land Agency, Albany, Or. 2nd
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THE OLYMPIAN CARRIES THE BROOM.—A piece occurred last week in the straits of Fuca between the Yosemite and the new steamer Olympian which settles forever the question what steamer in Pacific waters has the greatest speed. Some days before the Yosemite with her 2,000 horse power engine was the fastest steamer in Gulf trade, with the Olympian brush with the Oregon right in which claimed to have come out ahead and by a power of Johnny Irving. Capt Pete Ingram in fact had all the records that the steamer would have another race and half the population hurried on it as on all many with glasses to see it start. The Yosemite was to run to Victoria and back, a distance of 140 miles, in specially good weather, but I out of her power Capt Ingram decided to lay three hours on the Yosemite.

UNSATISFACTORY.—Captain H Berts is of the stock steer ferry uptown, first class in every respect, but they are terribly overcrowded. Every afternoon at 4 or 5 o'clock the Olympian boat the old champion of all the sound half miles and I who, acknowledge that the boat was so quick for the newcomer. During the time the ferry is making seventy to ninety trips per minute. On the morning of the 1st inst the Olympian carried to the Yosemite 1,000 passengers and 1,000 horses and carriages

TO A PRIMROSE FACE.

RONDEAU.

Across the waste of miles between
My own true love and my true home,
Though envious winds blow cold and keen,
They never may keep us two apart;
No universe, for with Cupid's dart,
Binds my allegiance to my queen—
To ghosts of dead years look and start
Across the waste

Though ghosts of dead years look and start
The primrose face, with dainty vien—
I bless thee wherein'er thou art,
Hail! ever worshipped, seldom seen!
What sweeter music hear my lyre been,
No song need I. It's has no smart,
So thy fair face shall smile serene
Across the waste

LENNOX.

Oh, primrose friend, I'll bet a brush
Thy acquaintance—never mind—but stay, sweetheart—
As I sit by idle corner
I see my shadow—I forget part.
Good fairy, come to me—but stay, sweetheart—
I've spilled some ink before, I wot'e,
To make another speckle to spoil
Call not the vision!

—*F. Locock, in Punch.*

TO-DAY.

Over the wood-top's grey and green,
Eyelet-nook flecks, creeping in the fir-specked sky;
And I, on some cool slope, watch the clear-edged day
Rise on the world, and think, thank God, I live and die;
Sure at the least I've seen a thrush build and prove,
And—a too harsh a word you, oh, my love.

In the day we learned the morning hour,
In the warm hope-dimness of the dawn,
Where all is shed in rose, in the promise of power,
With no daily sadness hinted in vague time,
The rose of life before the sun is risen,
That we might learn something—waste not, love.

Waste soon to watch the crimson glow and fade,
The high the great branches of the broadening time;
Waste yet to feel the soft, grey quiet shade,
Lap the land world in blessed evenfime;
Waste you to whisper: "Come, your power to prove,
The gloaming needs its angel; come, my love."

—*All the Year Round.*

SHE LOVES AND LIES.

BY WILKIE COLLINS.

Late in the autumn, not many years since, a public meeting was held at the Mansion house, London, under the direction of the lord mayor.

Among the late arrivals who had no choice but to stand or leave the hall, were two ladies. One of them at once decided on leaving the hall. "I shall go back to the carriage," she said, "and wait for you at the door." Her friend answered, "I shan't keep you long. He is safe raised to support the second resolution: I want to see him—and that is all."

An elderly gentleman, seated at the end of a bench, rose and offered his place to the lady who remained. She hesitated to take advantage of his kindness until he remarked that he had heard what she had said to her friend. Before the third resolution was proposed his seat would be at his own disposal again. She thanked him, and without further ceremony took his place. He was provided with an opera glass, which he more than once offered to her, when famous orators appeared on the platform; she accepted the use of it until a speaker, known in the city as a ship owner, stepped forward to support the second resolution.

His name announced in the advertisements was Ernest Lismore.

Three cheers greeted the lady seated for the opera glass. She kept it to her eyes for such a length of time—and with such evident interest in Mr. Lismore, that the curiosity of her neighbors was aroused. Had he anything to say in which a lady evidently a stranger to him) was personally interested? There was nothing in the audible sentences delivered which appeared to be the cause of the enthusiasm of women. He was undoubtedly a handsome man, whose appearance proclaimed him to be in the prime of life—middle age, perhaps, between thirty and forty years of age—if any lady should persist in keeping an opera glass fixed on him all through his speech, what a question which found the general fascinity at a loss for a reply.

By the time the cheers which accompanied the close of the speech had subsided, the lady who had taken the opera glass was in possession of her own property. "Did you see anything remarkable?" she asked.

"Nothing out of the common," was the reply. "I suppose you were interested in the shipping—"

"Not in the least," she answered. "I only cared to look at Mr. Lismore. He is still handsome, though he is getting gray. Are you married?"

"Well, Mrs. Callender, has Mr. Lismore disappointed you?"

"On the contrary, I have heard a report about him, and, as I suppose I may be in call before we meet, I am much troubled about money matters. How am I to find out the address in the city?"

"When you stop at the first stationer's shop you pass, look in the directory. Are you going to see Mr. Lismore at once?"

"I am going to drink about it."

The next day a clerk entered Mr. Lismore's private room at the office and presented a visiting card. Mrs. Callender had reflected and had arrived at a decision. Underneath her name she had written these explanatory words:

"On important business."

"Show her in, as if she wanted money," Mr. Lismore inquired.

"Oh, dear, no! She comes in her carriage."

"Is she young or old?"

"Old, sir."

To Mr. Lismore, conscious of the disastrous influence occasionally exercised over business by youthful beauty, this was a reassuring intelligence in itself. He said, "Show her in."

Observing the lady, as she approached him with the momentary curiosity of a stranger, he noticed that she still preserved the remains of beauty. She had taken advantage of the fashion, common to persons at her time of life, of becoming youthful. Even to a man's eye her dressmaker appeared to have made the most of that favorable circumstance. Her figure had its defects corrected, and its remaining merits set off to advantage. At the same time she evidently held herself above the common deceptions by which some women seek to conceal their age. She wore her own gray hair, and her complexion was the test of daylight. On entering the room she made her bow, and with some embarrassment, as being the certain result of a stranger, and not of a youthful stranger, it failed to impress Mr. Lismore favorably.

"I am afraid I have chosen an inconvenient time for my visit," she began.

"I am at your service," he answered a little stiffly; "especially if you will be so kind as to mention your business with me in a few words."

She was a woman of some spirit, and that reply roused her. "I will mention it in one word," she said smartly. "My business is grave trade."

He was considerably at a loss to understand what she meant, and he said so plainly. Instead of explaining herself, she put a question:

"Do you remember the night of the 15th of March, between five and six years ago?"

He considered for a moment. "No," he said, "I don't remember it. Excuse me, Mrs. Callender, I have a deal of my own to attend to which claims the same anxiety—"

"Let me assist your memory, Mr. Lismore, and I will leave you to your affairs. On the date that I have referred to, you were on your way to the railway station at Bexmore, to catch the night express from the north to London."

As a hint that his time was valuable the ship owner had hitherto remained standing. He now took his customary seat and began to listen with some interest. Mrs. Callender had produced her effect on him already.

"It was absolutely necessary," she proceeded, "that you should be on board your ship in the London docks at 9 o'clock the next morning. If you had lost the express, the vessel would have sailed without you."

The expression of his face began to change to surprise. "Who told you that?" he asked.

"You shall hear directly. On your way into the town your carriage was stopped by an obstruction on the high road. The people of Bexmore were looking at a fire."

He started to his feet. "Good heavens! Are you the lady?"

She held up her hand in satirical protest. "Gently, sir. You suspected me just now of wasting your valuable time. Don't rashly conclude that I am the lady until you find out that I am acquainted with the circumstances."

"Is there no excuse of me for failing to recognize you?" Mr. Lismore asked. "We were on the dark side of the burning house; you were fainting, and I—"

"And you," she interrupted, after saving me at the risk of your own life, turned a deaf ear to my poor husband's entreaties, even to speak to you. I remember you answered with a harsh refusal. I remember you left me to my grief. I remember you refused to give your name. Mr. Lismore, I have waited for this opportunity to thank you, and to tell you that I have never forgotten your generous conduct to the widow of your fellow creature."

"Pray say no more," he answered. "At my age one cannot positively misconduct one's self."

She recoiled. "Am I mistaken in supposing that you have no heart?"

"Forgive me again," he said. "At my age one cannot positively misconduct one's head, as well."

"Is there no excuse to be offered for such folly?"

"Yes, madam."

"And the sum you require is—£20,000?"

"Yes."

"I have twenty times as much money as that, Mr. Lismore, at my disposal—on one condition."

"The condition alluded to in your letter?"

"Yes, sir."

"Does the fulfillment of the condition depend in some way on my decision of mine?"

"It depends entirely on you."

The answer closed his lips.

With a composed manner and a steady hand she poured Lismore and a cup of tea.

"Mr. Lismore, you were fond of me; he had the most absolute confidence in my discretion, and in my sense of duty to him and to myself. His last words to me, he died were words that clutched me for making the happiness of his life. As soon as I had in some degree recovered from the shock of his sudden departure, I sent a card to him out of the carriage window, and away you went at a gallop to catch your train.

"In all the years that have passed I have kept that card, and have vainly inquired for my brave rescuer. Yesterday I saw your name on the list of speakers at the Mansion house. Need I tell you now why I remembered and interrupted you in business hours?"

She held out her hand. Mr. Lismore took it as a favor as I pressed it warmly.

"You have not done with me yet," she resumed with a smile. "Can you remember what I said of my errand, when I first came in?"

"You said it was an errand of gratitude."

"Something more than the gratitude which only says, 'Thank you,'" she added. "Before I explain myself, however, I want to know what you have been doing, and how it was that my memories failed to keep you after that terrible night."

The appearance of depression which Mrs. Callender had noticed at the public meeting, showed itself again in Mr. Lismore's face. He sighed as he answered her:

"My story has one merit," he said—it is soon told. I cannot wonder that you failed to discover me. In the first place, I was not certain of my ship at that time. I was only interested in one vessel, I inherited some money, and resolved to lay by a sum of less than a year from the night of the fire. You will be able to understand what obstacles were in the way of your tracing me. With my little capital I started successfully in business as a ship owner. At the time I was really congratulating myself on my own good fortune. No life—I know, Mrs. Callender, what the future has in store for me."

He stopped. His handsome features hardened and he was suffering acute and concealed pain. Before it was possible to speak to him there was a knock at the door. Another visitor, without an appointment, had called; the clerk appeared again with a card in his hand.

The gentleman, Sir, says you will see him, sir. He has something to tell you which is too important to be delayed."

Hearing the message, Mrs. Callender rose immediately.

"I am enough for to-day that we understand each other," she said. "I may venture to call to-morrow after the hours of business?"

"No!"

She paused to lay her card on the writing table. "Will you excuse me if I remember seeing at that address?" I am like the gentleman who has just called. I, too, have my reason for wishing for privacy."

She gladly accepted the invitation. Mrs. Callender stopped him as he opened the door for her.

"Shall I offend you," she said, "if I ask a strange question before I go? I have a better motive, mind, than mere curiosity. Are you married?"

"No."

"Forgive me again," she resumed. "At my age even cannot positively misconduct one's head, as well."

She retorted. "Mr. Lismore, you have lost much."

"Pray don't expect an apology," Mrs. Callender, he said, with a smile. "I have lost the most I ever possessed."

"Your poor husband! Sure you, Mrs. Callender, he received no serious injury from the fire?"

"The fire," he repeated, but repeated it in a hopeless manner. I am not even in need of sympathy with a little cash. It is—I feel I am not to blame—a question of character. A man's character is his property. I have lost my character."

"Indeed!" she said, with a look of interest. "Is it possible that you have been concerned in any disgraceful—"

"Not that, either. I have been the victim of a conspiracy. Some villain has robbed me of my character. I am suspected of—I can't bear to say it—of having scuttled my own ship."

"Is that all?" she said, with a look of relief. "Mr. Lismore, I am not to be frightened by a word. Tell me how it happened."

"I am afraid you don't think it worth while to trouble yourself about me," he said, with a look of gratitude.

"I am not in the habit of saying what I don't think," she replied. "Your manner is beautiful honor, and your gracious welcome have persuaded me to forgetting my troubles for a while."

The smile passed away from her face. "Then it is true," she said gravely.

"Only too true."

She led him to a seat beside her, and waited to speak again until her maid had brought in the tea.

"Have you read my letter in the same friendly spirit in which I wrote it?" she asked when they were alone again.

"I have read your letter gratefully, but—"

"But you don't know yet what I have to say. Let us understand each other before we make any objections on either side. Will you tell me what your present position is—at its worst? I can, and will, speak plainly when my turn comes, if you will favor me with your confidence. Not if it distresses you," she added, observing him attentively.

He was ashamed of his hesitation—and he made answer before it. "Do you thoroughly understand me? when the whole truth had been laid before her without reserve.

She summed up the result in her own words. "If your overdue ship returns safely with in a month of this time you can borrow the money you want without difficulty. If the ship is lost, you have no alternative when the end of the month comes, but to accept a loan from or consent to payment. Is that the hard truth?"

"It is."

"And the sum you require is—£20,000?"

"Yes."

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"The condition alluded to in your letter?"

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able to ride his horses with [illegible]
knowing that if I did [illegible]
ing a bit too soon [illegible]
be no complaint and [illegible]
sure I had ridden to [illegible]
certain that many races [illegible]
through jockeys not having [illegible]
masters, and being afraid to [illegible]
what really happened in a [illegible]

What do you think Bracebridge [illegible]
basket in spite of the rest [illegible]

Mr Dawson thinks she won't [illegible]
£9000 or £10 000 and the Harwich [illegible]
reach well over £6000 [illegible]
much Harwester has grown [illegible]
nally nice colt That was [illegible]
himself at—£15 000—guineas, I [illegible]
for the pair [illegible]

I was talking to Tom Cannon [illegible]
fact, I've just been reading a [illegible]
new magazine—about your [illegible]
Gold Cup at Ascot on Bend Or [illegible]
Devil [illegible] on [illegible]
Right [illegible] I said wasn't it [illegible]
Gold Minim were absurd? Did you [illegible]
with this [illegible]

Yes I [illegible] certainly I think [illegible]
fact, Bend Or was always the best [illegible]
I ever saw for the Derby, when I only [illegible]
I believe the Devil wasn't a fair [illegible]
says

I feel certain that Iroquois [illegible]
beaten me, and that he threw away [illegible]
by trying to [illegible] and that he threw away [illegible]
instead of waiting down and riding [illegible]
I say

Archer generously refrains from [illegible]
adverse criticism on another jockey [illegible]

Well it was not wise of him to [illegible]
perhaps but you must remember that [illegible]
to ride a horse with one [illegible]
was so on after I had been carried [illegible]
Edge to know, I hasn't long been [illegible]
again and I couldn't use one arm [illegible]
had been all right and able to [illegible]
the use of both arms—I should have [illegible]
much easier so it isn't safe to judge [illegible]
for the Derby

I had not thought of that I admit [illegible]
puts somewhat new complexion on the [illegible]
race of 1880

What shall you ride this year at [illegible]
you suppose? I inquired

Gamesomore, I expect The Abbot [illegible]
minster will have the call on me

Is it a fact that you were thinking [illegible]
in the Grand National? I heard [illegible]
somewhere I continued

Yes I should have ridden, no doubt [illegible]
Fox had gone on well and sound [illegible]
chance but he has none and so [illegible]
like chasing and have won a [illegible]
weights—down in Wiltshire [illegible]
I shan't ride this time but I shall [illegible]
ride in the Liverpool next year, [illegible]
chance of a mount or something [illegible]
soon know If I do ride I shall [illegible]
don't expect I shall be at the top [illegible]
the day this year Archer continued [illegible]
I shan't put myself out about [illegible]
likely she's a go about and ride [illegible]
I've headed the list for el ven [illegible]
got so many things to look after [illegible]
that I can often do more useful [illegible]
than in going about the country [illegible]
Pierce's no fear of my not keeping [illegible]
the work I do and I get more [illegible]
Turkish bath Have you seen it? [illegible]
care to?

Of course I assent and Archer [illegible]
and some choice of a room on the [illegible]
it if the hall Passing through [illegible]
one of the neatest little Turkish [illegible]
saw The chamber was built on [illegible]
is fitted up with every appliance, [illegible]
requisite degree of heat can be [illegible]
to this both the famous jockey [illegible]
about 10 o'clock

[illegible] & [illegible]
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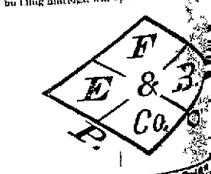

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Kairwan Dwellings.

The architectural disposition of nearly all the houses in Kairwan is the same, a square block, in the middle of which is a square court The door is low, strengthened by nails, and furnished with large bolts, it only opens half way with a terrible grating The rooms are arranged around the court which, as well as the terraced roofs, slants in order to facilitate the running of the water into a cistern They drink only rain water, the water of the wells contains much magnesia but serves for all household purposes

The living-room of the family serves at once for reception dining and bed room, it is the only one decently furnished and clean It is in the shape of a Latin cross, taking away the foot, and is 40 forms, in fact three distinct compartments separated by curtains To the right and left are the beds, in front, low divans furnished with cushions, the walls are hung with variegated carpets or ornamented with encaustic faience to the height of a man The ceiling is made of young olive trunks placed transversely upon the walls, which explains the narrowness of the rooms and the absence of large square ones In the dwellings of the rich the paved floor is covered with matting and carpeting the ceiling is covered with a paneling of wood decorated with arabesques and little shelves are hung here and there

Sometimes fantastic animals painted in red with a heraldical rigidity and barbarism relieve the bareness of the whitewashed walls During the hot hours of the siesta, the door, carefully shut preserves in the interior an agreeable freshness A little window furnished with glass gives a discreet light, which leaves all the objects in a shadow like obscurity, propitious to nonchalant reverie The other rooms serve as stable and kitchen There are no cellars, but in the pavement of the floor of the court and rooms one notices large square flagstones the situation of the silos—a kind of great hole, with careful mason work, where the provision of grain is kept for the whole year

These houses, veritable gynæcea, shelter the women, whose husbands are arbitrary and jealous masters, and seclude them from all contact with the outer world To enter here is an especial favor reserved for the physician and the marabout Fortunately for me, I had brought a traveling case of medicine, and the very first days I had to attend several neighbors I had regular patients, and my reputation extended itself little by little. This character of physician, the best passport in Arabian countries, allowed me to see and observe closely many things which, without it, fanaticism would have hidden inexorably from Christian eyes —A F Jacassy, in Harper's Magazine for May

A Magistrate's Idea.

Some time ago Colonel Blackburn brother of the senator elect from Kentucky, and also brother of an ex governor of the blue grass commonwealth, went to Jefferson county, Arkansaw, and was in due time elected justice of the peace Having come from a good family, he court became quite prominent, and his services, particularly in the way of performing marriage ceremonies, were extensively sought On one occasion a negro named Dave Hall and a colored girl of broad pronunciation came before him and were married Several months afterwards Dave and his wife again appeared before the distinguished magistrate

Well said the judge what can I do for you?

Yer ken do a good eal, sah the husband replied 'Dis heah 'oman what yer married me to ain't de sortier 'oman what I wanted She don fill de bill what I made out, an I wants a 'rangement right heah

Upon what grounds? asked the judge

On de grouns, sah cause I doan want de 'oman

Have you anything to say? inquired the justice turning to the woman

'Cose I's got say, sah Dess want de man Thought I wuz gwine ter git er gemmun but I didn't

A lawyer happened to be present, and who doubtless thought that the judge needed legal information, arose and said

'Your honor, you can take no action in this matter as it is entirely beyond your jurisdiction

'I ask for none of your instruction,' the magistrate replied 'I understand the law when it says that a justice of the peace who marries a couple has a right, at any time, to grant them a divorce Mr Clerk, just make an entry on the docket that these parties are no longer man and wife Go, you are free

The Hot Water Remedy.

Relative to hot water as a remedial agent, Hall's Journal of Health publishes some interesting hints It says

A strip of flannel or a napkin folded lengthwise and dipped in hot water and wrung out, and then applied around the neck of a child that has the croup will usually bring relief in ten minutes

A towel folded several times and dipped in hot water and quickly wrung and applied over the seat of the pain in tooth ache or neuralgia, will generally afford prompt relief This treatment in colic works almost like magic. I have seen cases that have resisted other treatment for hours yield to this in ten minutes There is nothing that will so promptly cut short a congestion of the lungs sore throat or rheumatism as hot water when applied promptly and thoroughly

Pieces of cotton batting dipped in hot water and kept applied to old sores or new cuts, bruises and strains is the treatment now generally adopted in hospitals I have seen a strained ankle cured in an hour by showering it with hot water poured from a height of three feet

Tepid water acts promptly as an emetic and hot water taken freely half an hour before bed time is the best of cathartics in the case of constipation while it has a most soothing effect on the stomach and bowels This treatment continued for a few months with proper attention to diet will cure any curable case of dyspepsia

Headache almost always yields to the simultaneous application of hot water to the feet and the back of the neck

Duke of Wellington's Watches.

The Duke of Wellington was extremely fond of watches, and needed to have at least half a dozen within his reach and all treading their liveliest at once, and this is but half the story Fearing some ill might befall those just under his eye, orders were given, whenever the great man traveled, to have as many more stowed away in a portmanteau made to fit his carriage

One time piece was, above all others, his acknowledged favorite, it was of old-fashioned English construction, and had once been the property of Tippo Sahib

Another of the duke's treasures had a strange history Napoleon had ordered it of Breguet for the fob of his brother Joseph and as an extra courtesy directed a miniature map of Spain to be wrought in mello on one side, and the imperial and royal arms on the other Just as this lovely gift was finished Joseph was driven out of his kingdom by the duke, and the emperor, for reasons best known to himself refused to take or pay for the costly bauble

At the peace it was purchased from Breguet and presented by Sir E Paget to the duke of Wellington

Another watch owned by the duke was made for Marshal Junot, and a great horological curiosity it is, there have never been more than two like it They are constructed to mark both lunar and weekly movements

The great duke gave preference to certain 'montres de touche —and he had several of them—a continuance of Breguet's having sundry studs or knobs by which one could feel what hour it was and this merely by what seemed just fumbling in the pocket —Harper's Bazar

An Empress at Wolfsbaden

The Empress of Austria is at present staying at a Wolfsbaden hotel under the name of the Countess Hohenembs and spends her days like an athlete in training She seldom attends the concerts, theaters and other amusements of the fashionable watering place but a day rarely passes when she does not ride to some of the surrounding chateaux or villages accompanied by her groom Not content with these long rides the empress devotes several hours daily to fencing and gymnastic exercises, in which she is said to show more skill and endurance than many a practised fencer or gymnastic of the so called stronger sex She rises at dawn and with brief intervals, spends the whole day either in riding or athletics, and long before the fashionable world thinks of retiring the empress is enjoying the refreshing sleep which follows physical exhaustion

A Long Rest.

'Oh, dear me,' murmured a six foot invalid stretching back over a rocking chair and scraping his toes against the ceiling, 'I'm almost worn out, and must take a long rest'

'Let me move the furniture out of the room, lovey, replied his wife, 'before you begin your rest

'What for?

'So as to have nothing interfering with you, she said, 'and then to save my household goods from damage, too

He looked at her fiercely as she proceeded,

'But if you'll go into the back yard darling you'll have more room and if you should become cramped there I can persuade the neighbors to take down a panel of their fence, and then you could have a real nice long rest

For answer he jerked his hat on and fled from the house

SELECTED MISCELLANY.

Barnes the mountain evangelist claims to have converted 14 000 people in seven years

A proud man demands of himself extraordinary ability an arrogant man ascribes it to himself —Marie Eschenbach

If you hit the mark you must aim a little above it every arrow that flies feels the attraction of the earth —Longfellow

He one proud note in life is concentration, the one evil is dissipation and it makes no difference whether one dissipates coarse or fine —Emerson

The true motives of our actions like the real pipes of an organ are often concealed, while the gilded an hollow pretext is pompously placed in front of the stage

A golden rule for a young lady is to converse always with your female friends as if a gentleman were of the party and with young men as if your female companions were present

The every day cares and duties which men call drudgery, are the weights and counterpoises of the clock of time, giving its pendulum a true vibration and its hands a regular motion —Longfellow

Two rival safemakers in Pittsburg will each make a safe, lock $5000 in it, and at a given signal hand it over to experts to be opened and the one whose safe holds out longest is to have the $10 000

The mind of the scholar if you would have it large and liberal should come in contact with other minds It is better that its armor should be somewhat bruised by rude encounter than hang forever rusting on the wall —Longfellow

W. C. WILCOX.
PACIFIC IRON WORKS,
68 and 70 Madison st Portland
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING MAY 5 1884

RIOT AT BUFFALO

Serious Trouble between Striking Longshoremen and Italians.

BUFFALO May 4—Labor troubles between Italians and longshoremen are beginning to assume serious proportions. Masters of the boats have absolutely refuse in any way to recognize the longshoremen union while none of the men will accept work from boat hands except by order of the union. In consequence families of longshoremen are in some cases suffering for want of food and the men are beginning to get desperate.

Yesterday morning a gang of men assaulted an inoffensive Italian watching a load of peanuts, two loaves of bread finding a resting place on the head of each. They knocked him down and kicked him. Officers quickly cleared the street. A large crowd gather in front of the Italian headquarters and began stoning the building. The crowd was ordered to move on. The command was not obeyed and a portion of the police force was summoned. Many of the men then attacked a building in process of erection which was a number of trucks in support by the men in line. The bricks were thrown by the Italians at the building breaking in windows and doors. The Creeks fired at the Italians when they approached. Two Creeks were wounded, one probably fatally.

The police are crowding people on the Western Terminus Company's docks, the especial duty of which is to protect the property of the company which will [illegible] Many men are employed by the company and the police will be withdrawn from the docks.

The men are still on the docks and the author is are consultation to lay down the situation. It is probable a force of 100 more special policemen will be sworn in in view of a possible emergency. The regular force has been worked [illegible] daily prevent any outbreak but it has been ordered the concentration of every available man at local quarters. The men on duty must be patrolled day and night. The transfer still be impaired have served notice on the cattle cities of the country and say that they will be held liable for damage to property. Manager Bullard of the Lake Shore Transfer Company stated that it he would be compelled to run his with long-shoremen and that every effort would be made by the transportation company to prevent the use of navigation to emancipate themselves from trouble with abor unions.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR

[SPECIALLY PREPARED AND RELEASED NOV 78.

PITTSBURG May 4—S L A Dickey Haynes at Dan Odell all [illegible] were released from the jail military have been [illegible] marching in Armstrong Fayette Westmoreland and Clarion counties this state. Yesterday Detectives Stevenson of Attorney [illegible] with three assistants attempted to arrest the men. They had two self cocking revolvers and told the officers [illegible] which they did. This left on each officer [illegible] twelve men headed by Dick Hennessy Jackson met the men in a deep hollow about five miles from Kittanning. Several shots were exchanged and it is reported that three or four men were killed. The report could not be confirmed as the telegraph officer at Kittanning refused to be interviewed last night. The man Robinson who is said to have been killed by the officers is known as a desperate character and since their release in the possibilities have been a terror to the community.

KITTANNING Pa May 4—The reported encounter between the Haynes brothers and Dick Mill Bell and a sheriff's posse did not take place. After the failure of Stevenson and his assistants to arrest them a sheriff's posse of fifteen started after them but so far have been unable to find any trace of the outlaws. It is reported that they robbed a store at Cochrane Mills last night. A vigilance committee is forming through out Armstrong and adjoining counties. The [illegible] will be hotly pursued.

Late night dispatches from Kittanning state that a shooting affray took place between the Haynes brothers and the sheriff's posse. Two Creeks were killed and several wounded. The Haynes brothers escaped.

DUBUQUE May 4—A [illegible] Wednesday night while [illegible] was shot twice in the head and Schaub and Stevens had narrow escapes having bullet holes through their clothing. Twenty shots were fired. The three Slavs were arrested to day and are now in jail. They have the reputation of being desperate men.

THE COPPER COUNTY OUTRAGE.

HOUGHTON May 4—The grand jury of Keweenaw county in session since the 28th has not found a bill for murder against the two brothers Bell and the Stevens party. The grand jury will demonstrate finding no one of red man and find two murder against Bell Wheeler for murder it may be remembered that Bell shot Wheeler in 1883. Wheeler died and Bell and Matthews appointment republican ex sheriff and deputy internal revenue collector. The case acquired national notoriety, for with the senate investigation the Wheeler was arrested and yesterday it was concluded that the case was not bailable. A change of venue was also granted.

FIELD AND THE PRESIDENCY

EUGENE CITY May 1 1884

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

In the daily *Standard* of yes erday is published an editorial article advocating the nomination of Judge Field for the presidency by the democratic party. A part of the article seems to have been copied from the San Francisco *Alta* but the part cited from that paper appears to me the approval of the Standard. The Standard has published several articles of late which have been [illegible] the rounds of the press commendatory of Justice Field. That paper engaged in an effort just four years ago to [illegible] the same gentleman but his effort did not elicit any enthusiasm. What appeared to [illegible] boom was entirely worked up and [illegible] little else beside [illegible] of Portland. The Multnomah delegation at the Albany convention in 1880 [illegible] the leadership of the editor of the Standard. It considerable yelling for Field a disgruntled army [illegible]

It is my opinion that any demonstration will really believe that the Democracy of California, or any other state or territory would [illegible] for a citizen of the Pacific slope. The [illegible] throw in the [illegible] breakwater, which [illegible] the Creeks fired at the [illegible] were [illegible] pens of the rowdy [illegible].

The Democrats are crowding [illegible] Western Transit Company [illegible] the organization of a [illegible] opposition line [illegible] which will [illegible] Mr. Vanderbilt [illegible] freight boats will [illegible] hands [illegible] the author is are consultation to lay [illegible] situation. It is probable a force of 100 more special policemen will be sworn in in view of a possible emergency. The regular force has been worked [illegible] daily prevent any outbreak but it has been ordered the concentration of every available man at local quarters. The men on duty must be patrolled day and night. The transfer still be impaired have served notice on the cattle cities of the country and say that they will be held liable for damage to property. Manager Bullard of the Lake Shore Transfer Company stated that if he would be compelled to run his with long-shoremen and that every effort would be made by the transportation company to prevent the use of navigation to emancipate themselves from trouble with abor unions.

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PORTLAND TO PRINEVILLE.

EAST PORTLAND May 2 1884

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN

In former days when a man ran off from his creditors or went away with another man's wife it was the fashion to say that he had gone to Oshkosh. It was then the most isolated portion of Oregon a place easible only by long and tedious drives over sandy wastes older than the Russian steppes in winter and hotter than Arabian deserts in summer. But the growth and progress of the state has filled up the O[illegible] county with a lively and [illegible] public [illegible] the trade is an important feeler [illegible] the constantly expanding trade of Portland.

I am here to the O R & N train [illegible] Monday morning [illegible] Dalles and by over the [illegible] Mountains [illegible] Prineville. [illegible] have [illegible] the [illegible] Ochoco [illegible] Mountains [illegible] Prineville [illegible] without [illegible] Dalles [illegible] Canyon [illegible] Prineville [illegible] Dalles [illegible] Canyon [illegible] Prineville [illegible] Dalles [illegible] Canyon [illegible] Prineville